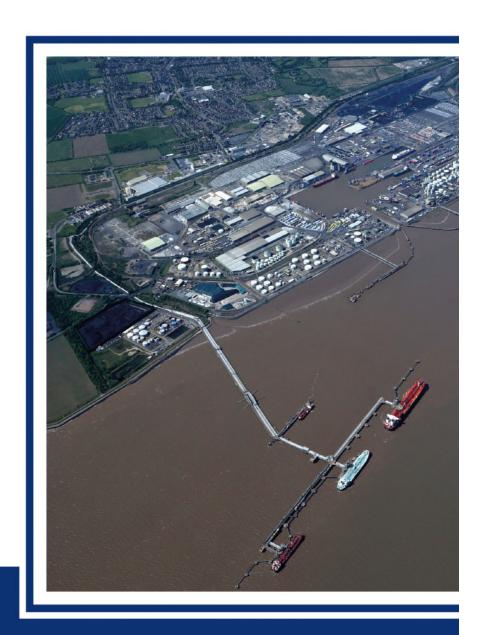


# **IMMINGHAM EASTERN RO-RO TERMINAL**



STATEMENT OF COMMON GROUND BETWEEN ASSOCIATED BRITISH PORTS AND DFDS SEAWAYS PLC

Document Reference 7.7

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### **Document Information**

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#### 1 Section 1 – Introduction

#### Overview

- This Statement of Common Ground ("SoCG") has been prepared in connection with the application (the "Application") by Associated British Ports ("ABP"), made under the provisions of Section 37 of the Planning Act 2008 ("the PA 2008"), for a Development Consent Order ("DCO"). If the DCO is approved, it will authorise the construction and operation of the Immingham Eastern Ro-Ro Terminal (IERRT) at the existing Port of Immingham.
- 1.2 The IERRT development as proposed by ABP falls within the definition of a Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project ("NSIP") as set out in Sections 14(1)(j), 24(2) and 24(3)(b) of the PA 2008.

#### The Project

- 1.3 In summary, the IERRT development comprises two principal elements:
  - (a) on the marine side, the construction of a new three berth Roll-on/Roll-off harbour facility and related marine infrastructure; and
  - (b) on the landside, the provision of a suitably surfaced area to accommodate a terminal building and ancillary buildings together with storage and waiting space for the embarkation and disembarkation of the vessel borne wheeled cargo.
- 1.4 The landside development will also include, within the Order Limits i.e., within the boundary of the development site a building for the UK Border Force together with an area for disembarked traffic awaiting UK Border Force checks prior to departure from the Port.
- 1.5 ABP will also be providing an area of off-site environmental enhancement at Long Wood, which is located close to the Port of Immingham's East Gate.

#### **Parties to this Statement of Common Ground**

- 1.6 This SoCG has been prepared by:
  - (a) ABP the promoter of the IERRT development and the owner and operator of the Port of Immingham; and
  - (b) DFDS Seaways Plc ("DFDS") an international and shipping logistics company and one of the largest users of the Port of Immingham.

1.7 In this SoCG, ABP and DFDS are collectively referred to as "the Parties".

#### The Purpose and Structure of this Document

- 1.8 The purpose of this SoCG is to identify and summarise any agreement, disagreement or matters outstanding between the parties on matters relevant to the examination so as to assist the Examining Authority in its consideration of the Application.
- 1.9 In preparing the SoCG, full account has been taken of the guidance provided in 'Planning Act 2008: examination of application for development consent' (Department for Communities and Local Government (as it then was), March 2015). In addition, the Parties have had due regard to the ExA Procedural Decision of 26 May 2023 [PD-005] and the subsequent PAD Summary Statement submitted to the examination by DFDS at Procedural Deadline A (6 July 2023) [PDA-007].
- 1.10 Section 1 of the SoCG is designed to act as a general introduction to the IERRT project and to the Parties.
- 1.11 Section 2 of the SoCG sets out a summary of the correspondence and engagement between the Parties to date.
- 1.12 Section 3 of the SoCG sets out the matters which have been agreed or which remain outstanding, together with any matters upon which it has not been possible to reach agreement.
- 1.13 The table in Section 3 uses a colour coding system to indicate the status of the matters between the Parties as follows:
  - (a) Green matter agreed;
  - (b) Orange matter ongoing;
  - (c) Red matter not yet agreed; and
  - (d) Grey neutral (used in circumstances where DFDS does not express a view).
- 1.1.2 In addition to this document, the position of the Parties in relation to terrestrial transport matters is to be captured within a separate document agreed between the Parties' transport consultants.

## 2 Section 2 – Summary of Engagement

- 2.1 A summary of the consultation and engagement between ABP and DFDS up to the date of this SoCG in relation to the IERRT project generally and concerning the matters raised in this SoCG specifically is presented in Table 2.1 below.
- 2.2 It is agreed by the Parties to this SoCG that Table 2.1 is an accurate record of the correspondence between the Parties.

**Table 2.1 – Summary of Engagement** 

Date	Form of	Summary with key outcomes and
	Correspondence	points of discussion
18.01.22	Phone Call	ABP advised about the DCO. DFDS
		had no immediate comments.
19.01.22	Email	ABP issued notification of the start of
		the Statutory Consultation.
25.01.22	Email	DFDS responded to S.42 consultation
		and requested more collaboration on
		the development of the project.
25.01.22	Email	ABP confirmed all consultation
		responses will be collated and
		reviewed.
25.01.22	Email	DFDS confirmed that would like to be
		involved in the process as required.
23.02.22	Email	DFDS Seaways issued S.42
		Consultation Response
04.04.22	Email	ABP issued invitation to Hazid
		Workshop
07.04.22 & 08.04.22	Workshop	HAZID workshop
08.04.22	Email	ABP emails a copy of the IERRT
		Spring Newsletter to DFDS
09.04.22	Email	Risk assessment element of the NRA
		emailed for comment.
19.04.22	Email	ABP issued updated NRA for
		comment
29.04.22	Email and letter	DFDS responded to request for
		comments on navigational risk.
		Raised queries relating to NRA risk
		sheet, stakeholder attendance and
		requested additional information
		including the simulation exercise.
		DEDS noted in its response that the
		DFDS noted in its response that the NRA was not fit for purpose and that
		there had been insufficient
		consultation by ABP prior to the
		workshop on 7 and 8 April 2022 to
		enable the workshop to be effective.
	L	Chable the Workerlop to be endetive.

09.05.22	Email	DFDS chased on queries relating to NRA risk sheet and additional information.
09.05.22	Email	ABP confirmed that a response would be issued shortly.
16.05.22	Email	ABP requested a meeting to discuss the project.
16.05.22	Email	DFDS accepted meeting request for 26.05.22.
20.05.22	Email	ABP issued invitation to Hazid Workshop on 7th & 8th June.
25.05.22	Email	DFDS declined Hazid Workshop on 7th June but suggested 8th or 9th June
25.05.22	Email and letter	DFDS responded to invitation to Hazid Workshop and raised concerns regarding the short notice. DFDS noted that they have not received simulations from the previous workshop and that they consider the level of change to the project to be significant. Queries raised in letter from 29.04 are still outstanding. Thought will be given to additional stakeholders that should attend the workshop.
26.05.22	Email	DFDS confirmed email from 25.05.22 referred to personal availability. Concern was raised regarding the short notice of the invitation.
26.05.22	Meeting	Discussed project update and issues raised during consultation and ongoing engagement
26.05.22	Email and letter	ABP responded to NRA queries raised in DFDS correspondence from 29.04 & 09.05. ABP confirmed that the project is progressing on the basis of a three-berthed scheme. ABP advised that a follow up HAZID workshop is scheduled for 7th and 8th June.
27.05.22	Email	ABP confirmed receipt of DFDS email from 25.05.23 regarding availability for workshop.
27.05.22	Email	ABP notified attendees of the postponement of Hazid Workshop on 7th & 8th June
01.06.22	Email, letter and attached minutes	ABP issued notes of meeting from 26.05.23 and addressed points raised regarding Impact on Drury

01.00.22	Email and lotter	provided a response to issues relating to Hazid Workshop, navigational
01.08.22	Email and letter	again. Indicates further statutory consultation should be undertaken.  Clyde&Co (acting on behalf of ABP)
		it considers should be discussed at the August HAZID workshop. Navigational simulations requested
		a response to DFDS' letter dated 1 June and provides a list of risks which
15.07.22	Email and letter	BDB Pitmans (acting on behalf of DFDS), sent letter to ABP requesting
15.07.22	Email	DFDS confirmed relevant email addresses.
15.07.22	Email	ABP requested email addresses for those who will be attending.
		Workshop, effectiveness of mitigation and recent scheme changes.
15.07.22	Email	DFDS confirmed outstanding queries including concerns NRA, April Hazid
12.07.22	Email	DFDS confirmed attendance at Hazid workshop and named attendees,
08.07.22	Email	ABP advised that Hazid Workshop will be held on 16th and 17th August. Requested names of attendees.
29.06.22	Email	ABP issued amended meeting notes.
20.00.00		simulations again and suggested other companies that should be invited to the workshop.
28.06.22	Email	DFDS requested the navigational
23.06.22	Email	ABP advised that Hazid Workshop will be held on 2nd and 3rd August.
14.06.22	Email	DFDS requested an update on the date of the rescheduled Hazid Workshop. Also suggested that a construction expert should be present.
13.06.22	Email	DFDS requested an amendment to the meeting notes.
01.06.22	Meeting	Between the Applicant and DFDS to discuss the project.
		the adequacy of the NRA and effectiveness of mitigation. Requested to see simulations that support the NRA.
01.06.22	Email and letter	Marine Navigation, Layout changes.  DFDS responded to ABP's email from 26.05.22. Raised concerns regarding
		Engineering, Traffic and Transport impacts, Environmental Matters,

		simulations, position of DFDS, traffic
		congestion and material amendment.
02.08.22	Email and	ABP issued pre-read material for
	attachments	Hazid workshop
02.08.22	Email and letter	ABP responded to DFDS letter from
		01.06.22. Issues covered were
		HAZID/NRA process and consultee
		involvement, Under reporting of risks,
		Layout/process followed in Hazard
		Log Sheets, Assessment 02 - tanker
		stern collision, variation in likelihood
		reduction percentages, Incident
		frequencies as referenced in hazard
		log sheets, DCO timetable, NRA
		subjectivity, finalisation of hazard log
		sheets in last Hazid, Hazid workshop
		pre-reading material, Identification of
		worst case scenarios, value attributed
		to mitigation controls and confirmation
		that ABP would provide the
		navigational simulations in advance of
00.00.00	F	the next HAZID workshop.
03.08.22	Email and	ABP issued further pre-read material
05.00.00	attachments	for Hazid workshop
05.08.22	Email and	ABP issued a link to navigational
12.00.22	attachments	safety reports
12.08.22	Email	DFDS respond to ABP's email of
		2.08.22, raised concerns about the
		risk assessment process and the
		splitting of the delegates in the workshops.
15.08.22	Email	ABP issued invitation to Hazid
13.00.22	Linaii	Workshop 3
16-17.08.22	Workshop	HAZID workshop
18.08.22	Email	ABP issued Draft HazLog for
		comment
22.08.22	Email	ABP responded to DFDS email from
		12.08.22 and summarised the
		approach taken in the workshops.
23.08.22	Email	DFDS responded to ABP email of
		22.08.22 confirmed concerns remain
		and disagree with the approach taken
		to risk scores. DFDS did not accept
		ABP's position that all attendees had
		been aligned on reports; DFDS noted
		it believed the workshop concluded
		that the simulation report was flawed
		and should be re-run.
	L	55 5110 did 50 10 1dilli

24.08.22	Email	ABP emails DFDS to note the
24.00.22	Linaii	forthcoming IGET project
24.08.22	Email	ABP emails a copy of the IERRT
21.00.22	Linaii	Summer Newsletter to DFDS
25.08.22	Email	DFDS responded to ABP's email of
20.00.22	Linan	24.08.22 re the IGET project
29.08.22	Email and letter	DFDS responded to ABP's email of
20100122	Ziliali alia lottoi	19.08.22 and email exchanges with
		ABP in w/c 22.08.22
29.08.22	Email and letter	DFDS Senior Vice President contacts
		ABP's CEO regarding DFDS'
		concerns.
29.08.22 & 30.08.22	Email	ABP responded to DFDS email from
		12.08.22 and summarised the
		approach taken in the workshops.
30.08.22	Emails	ABP respond to DFDS email of
		25.08.22 re IGET project and provides
		IGET briefing note.
30.08.22	Email	ABP's CEO's confirms receipt of
		DFDS letter of 29.08.22.
30.08.22	Email	DFDS send ABP new risks DFDS
		have identified for the NRA.
31.08.22	Email	ABP provided a response to DFDS
		comments made on 29.08.22
		regarding Hazid workshop.
02.09.22	Email	ABP issued draft Haz Log for final
		consultation.
05.09.22	Email	DFDS provided further comments on
		the HAZID Workshop and assessment
07.00.00	F	approach.
07.09.22	Email	ABP send holding response to DFDS,
00.00.00	Fan all	noting they will respond in due course.
23.09.22	Email	ABP issued response to DFDS letter
26.09.22	Email and letter	from 29.08.22.  ABP's CEO responds to DFDS Senior
20.03.22	Liliali allu lellel	Vice President's letter of 29.08.22
29.09.22	Meeting	Between ABP's Humber Director and
23.03.22	Meening	DFDS Senior Vice President
03.10.22	Email	From ABP to DFDS, following up from
00.10.22	LIIIdii	the meeting on 29.09.22
05.10.22	Email	DFDS response to ABP's letter of
33.10.22		23.09.22, clarified outstanding
		concerns including Supporting
		studies, Pilotage and Berthing, AWAC
		buoy, wind data, simulations,
		methodology, risk assessment tool,
		duty holder descriptors and measure
		ALARP, mitigation, changes to

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		project, overlooked risks, additional concerns, towage, tidal changes and lock productivity.
10.10.22	Email	ABP confirmed that correspondence had been received and a response will be provided shortly.
13.10.22	Meeting	Discussed Design Changes, Tidal Data, Simulation, NRA Methodology, Commercial and operational Workshop and Correspondence. DFDS raised concerns regarding Humber Harbour Master reporting line.
17.10.22	Email	ABP issued note of meeting from 13.10.22, which discussed Design Changes, Tidal Data, Simulation, NRA Methodology, Commercial and operational Workshop and Correspondence.
18.10.22	Email and letter	Letter from DFDS Senior Vice President responds to ABP's CEO letter of 26.09.22, notes DFDS' concerns remain.
18.10.22	Email	Email from ABP's CEO to DFDS Senior Vice President in response to letter of 18.10.22.
20.10.22	Meeting	Between ABP and DFDS, ABP note the intention to hold further statutory consultation.
24.10.22	Email	DFDS requested information about the upcoming Supplementary Statutory Consultation
26.10.22	Email	ABP respond to DFDS email of 24.10.22 to provide details of the Supplementary Statutory Consultation.
27.10.22	Email	ABP issued notification of Supplementary Statutory Consultation.
18.11.22	Email	From ABP to DFDS providing details of what further simulations ABP intended to carry out on 28-30 November 2022.
18.11.22	Email	From DFDS to ABP to confirm DFDS attendees at the simulations.
20.11.22	Email	From ABP to DFDS providing logistics details for further simulations.

21.11.22	Email	From DFDS to ABP querying when the RoRo simulations will be
		undertaken.
21.11.22	Email	From DFDS to ABP providing details
		of another DFDS attendee at the
		simulations.
22.11.22	Email	From ABP confirming receipt of email
		of 21.11.22.
22.11.22	Email	DFDS identified outstanding issues
		including; whether the finger pier is
		being moved from west to east, that
		sufficient time is allowed to consider
		consultation responses, Hazid
		simulations and workshops are re-run
		and economic impact on existing port
		users from congestion through new
		vessels.
04.44.00	Email	
24.11.22	Emaii	ABP responded to DFDS email from
		22.11.22 and provided an update from
		meeting in October. Advice was
		provided on Design changes, Tidal
		Data, Simulation, NRA Methodology,
		Commercial/Operational Workshop,
		Correspondence.
24.11.22	Email	ABP responded to DFDS email from
		05.10.22 (in purple text).
25.11.22	Email	DFDS issued supplementary statutory
		consultation response.
06.12.22	Email	DFDS response to ABP's email of
		24.11.22, suggested further
		discussions when the latest
		Navigational Simulations report has
		been provided to DFDS.
12.12.22	Meeting	Between ABP and DFDS
12.01.23	Email	DFDS noted that the application for
		development consent was submitted
		and requested that latest Navigation
		Simulation report be issued.
16.01.23	Email	ABP confirmed that Navigation
10.01.23	Liliali	Simulation Report will be issued
		·
22.04.22	Email	shortly.
23.01.23	Email	ABP sent through Navigation
		Simulation Report and offered a follow
22.22.22		up call or meeting.
09.02.23	Email	DFDS response to the IGET proposal.
16.02.23	Email	DFDS outlined remaining concerns on
		Navigation Simulation Report. Only
		simulations on Berth 1 are included in

		the re-run and the validity of the tidal data used.
09.03.23	Email	ABP issued notice of acceptance of application.
20.03.23	Email	ABP Director Humber to DFDS Senior Vice President re invitation to senior stakeholder meeting on 27 April 2023
21.03.23	Email	DFDS Senior Vice President to ABP Director Humber accepts invitation to the senior stakeholder meeting.
19.04.23	Email	DFDS submitted relevant representations.
16.05.23	Email	ABP postponed the senior stakeholder meeting. This meeting was never held.
17.05.23	Email	DFDS respond to email of 16.05.23, expressing disappointment and short notice of the cancellation.
19.07.23	Email & Letter	Clyde&Co (acting on behalf of ABP) noted DFDS'S request for Protective Provisions in its Relevant Representation [RR-008]. ABP queried why this would be necessary but happy to discuss if DFDS could send through details of what they require.
19.07.23	Email	BDB Pitmans confirmed receipt of letter of the same date and confirmed they would respond.
02.08.23	Email & Letter	BDB Pitmans (acting on behalf of DFDS), requested ABP's transport consultant contact the DFDS transport consultant following the actions which arose from Issue Specific Hearing 2.
02.08.23	Email	Clyde & Co confirmed receipt of letter of the same date.
03.08.23	Email & Letter	ABP transport consultant, DTA contacted DFDS transport consultant, GHD to arrange discussions of issues.
03.08.23	Email & Letter	DFDS consultant proposed meeting dates and suggested an agenda covering annual throughput, daily peak volume, baseline traffic flow, East/West Gate distribution, terminal capacity assessment, next steps and actions.
10.08.23	Meeting	ABP, DFDS and CLdN attended a call and discussed Baseline traffic

		surveys, terminal throughput, accompanied/unaccompanied freight split, empty tractor ratios, off-site junction modelling, HGV distribution and assignment and next steps.
14.08.23	Email & Letter	ABP requested confirmation as to whether September to November 2022 were representative months of Ro-Ro vessel movements in response to ISH2 Action Point 6.
23.08.23	Email & Letter	ABP issued a draft itinerary for the ASI for any additional comments. ABP advised that if any additional details are required could they be sent to PINS along with the clients PPE requirements.
23.08.23	Email	DFDS confirmed they would respond.
24.08.23	Email	ABP clarifying a reference to the A160 and noting the Inspectorate require information on PPE needed for the ASI.
29.08.23	Email	ABP requesting a response to letter of 14.08.23 re ISH2 Action Point 6.
30.08.23	Email & Letter	DFDS response to letter of 14.08.23 and agreed that September to November 2022 were representative months for DFDS Ro-Ro vessel movements (ISH2 Action Point 6). Data was provided showing the movements for those months and the distribution of cargo between accompanied and unaccompanied freight volume.
30.08.23	Email	ABP confirm receipt of email and letter.
01.09.23	Email	ABP outlined a number of queries raised in response to the DFDS letter dated 30.08.23. ABP requested confirmation as to whether the DFDS data related to TEU or to units. ABP noted that they were proposing to only present Ro-Ro data excluding cars/mobiles. ABP asked whether DFDS would provide a 6 month average data.
01.09.23	Email	BDB Pitmans confirmed receipt and will respond.
04.09.23	Email	BDB Pitmans confirmed the DFDS data relates to units and that they

		T
		accepted presenting Ro-Ro data excluding cars/mobiles. DFDS provided the 6 month average data as requested (ISH2 Action 6).
05.09.23	Email	1
05.09.23	Email	ABP confirm receipt of email of
05.00.00	Facell	04.09.23 and will respond.
05.09.23	Email	BDB Pitmans provided Clyde & Co
		with draft Protective Provisions in
00.00.00	F 1	favour of DFDS.
08.09.23	Email	Clyde & Co re PPE for the ASI.
14.09.23	Email	Clyde & Co re PPE for the ASI.
15.09.23	Email	ABP provided an itinerary for meeting
		on the 15.09.23
18.09.23	Email	Clyde & Co note ABP prepared to
		agree some protective provisions and
		will provide some drafting in due
		course.
18.09.23	Meeting	ABP, DFDS and CLdN attended a call
		and discussed various transport and
		traffic points.
20.09.23	Emails	DFDS response to email of 14.09.23
		re PPE for the ASI.
20.09.23	Email	Clyde & Co response to email of
		20.09.23 re PPE for the ASI.
20.09.23	Email	Clyde & Co provide draft SoCG.
20.09.23	Email	BDB Pitmans acknowledged draft
		SoCG and confirmed they would
		review.
25.09.23	Email	ABP issued notes of meeting on
		15.09.23 and final notes from meeting
		on 30.08.23
25.09.23	Email	DFDS response to email of 20.09.23
		re PPE for the ASI.
25.09.23	Emails	Clyde & Co re logistics for the ASI and
		confirming attendees.
26.09.23	Email	GHD (on behalf of DFDS) provided
=5.55.=5		comments on note of meeting on
		15.09.23
13.10.23	Meeting	ABP, DFDS and CLdN attended a call
10110120	in county	and discussed various transport and
		traffic points.
19.10.23	Email with Letter	ABP sent a notice of consultation for
10.10.20	Lindii Witti Lottoi	proposed changes to the IERRT
		project.
20.10.23	Email with Letter	ABP wrote with regard to Action Point
20.10.20	LINAII WILLI LELLEI	17 proposing stakeholder simulations
		on 7 and 8 November.
20.10.23	Meeting	
20.10.23	Meeting	GHD and DTA met in regard to
		transport issues.

23.10.23	Email	ABP confirmed that a revised DCO will be submitted at Deadline 5. The applicant will consider the draft
		protective provisions provided by DFDS on 05.09.23 following deadline 5.
23.10.23	Email	DFDS provided an updated draft SoCG clean and tracked versions and suggested that the clean version be submitted to ExA for Deadline 5.
23.10.23	Email	ABP confirm that they will not submit the clean version for Deadline 5 but will acknowledge an amended draft has been received.
23.10.23	Email	DFDS acknowledged ABP response.
26.10.23	Email and Letter	DFDS raised issues regarding the forthcoming navigation simulations.
26.10.23	Email	ABP acknowledge receipt and will respond in due course. ABP request confirmation of the proposed attendees for the simulations and availability for the pre-meeting on 31.10.23
26.10.23	Email	DFDS confirmed availability for the pre-meeting and will revert with attendees for the simulations. DFDS requested confirmation that ABP will respond to letter of 26.10.23 before the pre-meeting and that an agenda will be sent by COB on 27.10.23
29.10.23	Email and Letter	ABP reaffirmed that they believe the navigation simulations are fit for purpose and responded to concerns raised by DFDS on 26.10.23.
30.10.23	Email	DFDS queried when comments will be provided on the draft protective provisions.
31.10.23	Meeting	Pre meeting to discuss the navigation simulations. Key areas of concern that were raised were use of the design vessel, environmental conditions and simulation pass/fail criteria.
31.10.23	Email	DFDS ask for updates on the SoCGs.
02.11.23	Email and Letter	DFDS provided comments on the premeeting regarding parameters and aborts, environmental model, simulation runs and vessels. DFDS

	T	
		also confirmed attendees to simulations.
02.11.23	Email	DFDS ask for an update on the
20.11.00	- "	protective provisions.
02.11.23	Email	ABP provide an update on the status
		of the protective provisions and
	<u> </u>	SoCGs.
02.11.23	Email and	ABP provide draft minutes of the
	attachments	meeting of 31.10.23 requesting
		comments and copy of the
		PowerPoint slide presented at the
		meeting.
03.11.23	Email and letter	ABP respond to DFDS letter of
	<u> </u>	02.11.23
03.11.23	Email	DFDS respond to email of 02.11.23 re
		the status of the protective provisions
	<u> </u>	and SoCGs.
03.11.23	Email	ABP provide an update on the status
		of the protective provisions and
	<u> </u>	SoCGs.
03.11.23	Email and	Email from DFDS with proposed
	attachment	amendments to the minutes of
		31.10.23
03.11.23	Email	With logistics details for the
		simulations on 7 & 8 November
06.11.23	Email	DFDS ask for an update on the SoCG
		and protective provisions.
06.11.23	Emails	Between GHD and DTA re minutes of
		meetings of 13 and 20 October
08.11.23	Meeting	GHD and DTA met in regard to
		transport issues.
09.11.23	Email	From GHD to DTA seeking clarity on
		gate house questions raised
09.11.23	Email	Emails between GHD to DTA re
		transport SoCG
10.11.23	Email	Emails between GHD to DTA re
		transport SoCG
10.11.23	Email	DFDS ask for an update on the SoCG
		and protective provisions.
10.11.23	Email	ABP provide updated SoCG and note
		no protective provisions will be
		provided until after Deadline 6.
13.11.23	Email	Emails between GHD to DTA re final
		and agreed transport SoCG
22.11.23	Email	From Clyde&Co to BDB Pitmans
		providing Applicant's comments on
		DFDS' proposed Protective Provisions
22.11.23	Email	From BDB Pitmans to Clyde&Co
		confirming receipt and noting a

		response would be provided as soon as possible.
22.11.23	Email	From DFDS's Counsel to the Applicant's Counsel providing information on DFDS schedules (part of ISH5 Action Point 5)
22.11.23	Email	From the Applicant's Counsel to DFDS' Counsel providing confirming receipt and requesting historical simulations for IOH (ISH5 Action Point 13)
26.11.23	Email	From Clyde&Co to BDB Pitmans providing draft Actions lists for ISH5 and ISH6 for comment
28.11.23	Email	From Clyde&Co to BDB Pitmans requesting comments on draft Actions lists for ISH5 and ISH6
28.11.23	Email	From BDB Pitmans to Clyde&Co with comments on draft Actions lists for ISH5 and ISH6
28.11.23	Email	From Clyde&Co to BDB Pitmans providing copy of draft Actions lists for ISH5 and ISH6 submitted to ExA
29.11.23	Email	From BDB Pitmans to Clyde&Co providing proposed revision to DFDS' Protective Provisions
29.11.23	Email	Email from ABP re additional simulations on 13/14 December.
3.12.23	Email	From BDB Pitmans to Clyde&Co providing information relating to ISH5 Action Points 5 and 13
4.12.23	Email	From BDB Pitmans to Clyde&Co providing further information relating to ISH5 Action Point 5
5.12.23	Email	Email from DFDS requesting additional information re simulations on 13/14 December
6.12.23	Email	From BDB Pitmans to Clyde&Co providing proposed further revision to DFDS' Protective Provisions
8.12.23	Email	Email from ABP re additional simulations on 13/14 December.

## 3 Section 3 – Matters Agreed and Matters Not Agreed

3.1 Table 3.1 below contains a list of 'matters agreed' and a list of matters outstanding as at the date of this version of the SoCG together with a concise commentary as to the items referenced.

**Table 3.1: List of Matters Agreed and Outstanding** 

Matter	Document Reference	ABP's Position	DFDS's Position	ABP response	DFDS response	Status
Relevant		The National Policy Statement for Ports (NPSfP) (DfT, 2012) is the key relevant national policy statement in considering the IERRT Application. The role of the NPSfP in the IERRT application determination process is set out in section 104 of the Planning Act 2008.  The UK Marine Policy Statement (MPS) (2011) and The East Marine Plans (2014) are appropriate marine policy documents to which regard must be had in the IERRT determination process.	In ISH2 DFDS highlighted that the National Policy for Ports is not the only policy the Applicant should have regard to. DFDS has already highlighted that the Planning Act 2008 requires the Applicant to have regard to the UK Marine Policy Statement (MPS) (2011) [REP1 – 028] paragraph 5.1.  Apart from underlining the requirement under policy to ensure navigational safety, DFDS			Neutral

	Key local policy of relevance to the IERRT project is provided within the North East Lincolnshire Local Plan 2013 to 2032 (April 2018).	has not raised any issues in regard to policy and therefore queries the inclusion of this point in the SoCG and suggests it is removed.			
The Government's policy for ports	The Government's policy for ports is set out within section 3.3 of the NPSfP, the fundamental policy element is provided in NPSfP paragraph 3.3.1.	As noted in paragraph 2.2 of REP4-025, DFDS has drawn attention to paragraph 3.3.3 of the NPSfP which identifies a number of criteria that new port infrastructure should satisfy to help meet the Government's policies on sustainable development. It	ABP does not agree with DFDS in respect of the conclusions it reaches on paragraph 3.3.3 of the NPSfP for reasons that have already been rehearsed. ABP considers that the IERRT development is well designed, both functionally and environmentally. DFDS, are simply casting unfounded assertions against	DFDS stands by its point that the Proposed Developed is not well designed because of the navigational safety risks it poses. DFDS has provided a significant amount of evidence to support this in its submissions (e.g. REP2- 040.). DFDS	Not agreed

-			
is DFDS' view	the Proposed	does not agree	
that the	Development without	that the	
Proposed	any supporting	Applicant's	
Development	justification or	evidence	
does not comply	evidential fact. If on	should carry	
with the 5th	the other hand	weight and	
bullet point 'new	DFDS could produce	DFDS'	
infrastructure	evidential	evidence	
should be well	information and	should not.	
designed,	relevant supporting		
functionally and	data, ABP would be		
environmentally'.	happy to review it,	DFDS is not the	
DFDS does not	discuss the provided	only Interested	
consider that the	information with	Party to	
Applicant has	DFDS on a	question the	
demonstrated	collaborative basis	safety of the	
that the	and respond	Proposed	
proposed	accordingly. Until	Development.	
infrastructure is	then, such		
'functionally well	assertions can be	DFDS will	
designed in light	given no weight. On	review the	
of the safety	the other hand,	Applicant's	
risks it poses and	ABP's evidence as	Change	
likely implications	to why the IERRT	Request to	
on the existing	development	determine what	
commercial	constitutes	the final design	
operations at the	sustainable	of the Proposed	
Port of	development is set	Development	
Immingham and	out within its	consists of, but	
the local road	evidence – for	notes, this	
	example, in its	change was	
	Planning Statement	submitted	

			network and communities.	[APP-019] and Deadline 5 response to CLdN [REP5- 032].	based on safety concerns.	
Overall accordance with the NPSfP	Planning Statement (Incorporating Harbour Statement) [APP-019]	A detailed and comprehensive review of the accordance of the IERRT project with policy contained within the NPSfP is provided in Chapters 4 and 8, and Appendix 1 of application document APP-019 (Planning Statement). The review undertaken demonstrates that the IERRT project itself and the assessment and supporting information submitted as part of the DCO application are fully in accordance with the NPSfP.	DFDS has nothing to add in addition to the point above.	It is patently clear that the Proposed Development is being promoted as development entirely in accordance with the NPSfP.  Again DFDS are simply making unsupported and indeed unsupportable assertions.	As above.	Neutral

Assessment of	DFDS relevant	The methodology	DFDS has, in	ABP's Interim	DFDS	Not
navigational	representations	followed in the NRA	Appendix 1 of	Response to DFDS'	maintains its	Agreed
risk	(RR – 008)	complies with the	REP4-025, set	Additional	position that the	
		PMSC and the	out the key	Navigational Risk	Applicant's	
	ES – Volume 3	associated GtGP.	differences	Assessment [REP3-	NRA does not	
	- Appendix	The NRA draws	between the	009] concludes that	adequately	
	10.1 –	upon three HAZID	NRA submitted	DFDS' NRA contains	assess risk for	
	Navigational	Workshops and	by DFDS at	a number of	reasons given	
	Risk	vessel simulations	Deadline 2	fundamental flaws,	in the	
	Assessment	which, with the	[REP2-043] and	whilst in other	comparison	
	(APP – 089)	exception of the first	the NRA	respects the	between NRA	
	ES – Volume 3	(internal) HAZID	produced by the	additional NRA is in	methodologies	
	- Appendix	Workshop, have	Applicant [APP-	line with the	in the Appendix	
	10.2 –	been attended by	089]. DFDS	comprehensive NRA	to [REP4-025].	
	Navigational	representatives of	considers the	submitted by the	DEDC makes the	
	Simulation	DFDS (APP-089).	underlying issue	Applicant [APP-089].	DFDS notes the	
	Study Part 1		is that the	ABP intends to	Applicant's	
	(APP-090)		Applicant's NRA	submit a full	statement as	
			does not	commentary on	regards	
	ES – Volume 3		adequately	DFDS' NRA in due	ABPMer	
	<ul><li>Appendix</li></ul>		capture or	course.	experience of	
	10.2 –		assess the risks.	This is simply pot	NRAs. DFDS	
	Navigational		While DEDC	This is simply not	and its	
	Simulation		While DFDS	correct. It is	consultants do	
	Study Part 2		attended the	misleading for DFDS	not have any	
	(APP-091)		HAZID	to assert that	experience of	
	EC Valuma 2		workshops in	ABPmer have no	dealing with	
	ES – Volume 3		April and August	track record of	ABPMer in	
	– Appendix 10.2 –		2022, the lack of	producing NRAs.	relation to	
	-		structure and	ABPmer has over 70	NRAs,	
	Navigational		transparency on	years of experience	however, DFDS	
	Simulation		risk definition	providing technical	notes that	
	Stakeholder					

Demonstrations	and tolerability	expertise for port	ABPMer's	
(APP-092)	meant that	development, this	website	
	consensus could	includes an eight	advertises this	
	not be reached	strong Maritime	as an area it	
	(as strongly	Team, the members	has extensive	
	suggested in the	of which have	experience of.	
	PMSC). It is	specialist skills in	Accordingly,	
	therefore no	Harbour Mastering,	DFDS agrees to	
	marker of	Pilotage, Port Policy,	withdraw its	
	reliability to say	operational risk	statement that	
	that the	assessment and the	ABPMer has no	
	Applicant's NRA	production of	track record in	
	draws upon the	Navigational Risk	this area. This	
	HAZID	Assessments (NRA).	does not in any	
	workshops and	ABPmer has	way change	
	vessel	produced on	DFDS view	
	simulations	average, two NRAs	(noted above)	
	which DFDS also	per year over the	that the NRA for	
	contends are not	last 10 years in	the IERRT	
	reliably	support of Marine	application is	
	representative of	Licence	inadequate.	
	real-life	Applications,	The Applicant	
	conditions, nor	Development	The Applicant fails to risk	
	adequately	Consent Orders and	assess Ro-Pax	
	comprehensive	Harbour Revision	vessels and	
	which has led to	Orders. The NRAs	thereby misses	
	misinformed	have supported both	the 100	
	judgement on	ABP applications	passengers	
	risk.	and schemes	who could,	
		promoted by other	according to the	
	DFDS does not	Organisations.	draft DCO,	
	agree that the		uran DCO,	

			Applicant's NRA adequately comprehends the risks or that it can be relied upon to make an informed judgement on the terminal's through-life operational safety.	DFDS should formally withdraw that groundless assertion which does nothing to engender a collaborative approach.	arrive and depart from the IERRT daily.	
Dravious maior	DEDC relovent	Lligtoria alligiona and	[DFDS also find it surprising that the Applicant has chosen ABPMer as their Risk Assessment consultants, when they have no track record in producing NRAs.]	ARD notes that the	While the	Mottor
Previous major incidents	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008) ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.1 – Navigational	Historic allisions and collisions were assessed as part of the NRA process (APP-089) and their incidence taken fully into account.	At the HAZID workshops in April and August 2022 it was apparent that there was data from MARNIS but this was not	ABP notes that the Harbour Master Humber has addressed the Fast Ann, Fast Filip and Stena Gothica	While the Harbour Master Humber has addressed these incidents, it is still not clear how these significant	Matter ongoing

Risk Assessmen (APP – 089	shared with the group. It has not, therefore, been clear to DFDS, whether or how, historic allisions and collisions have informed the NRA.	incidents in [REP4-033].	events informed the NRA.	
	DFDS believe the following three incidents are indicative of the complexities of the Immingham area and also illustrate the issue regarding the tides in the area that DFDS has consistently raised and the Applicant has not listened to:  - "Fast Ann";  - "Fast Filip"; and  - "Stena Gothica".			

Wind and tide	DFDS relevant	Existing MetOcean	DFDS agree that	As explained in	DFDS notes	Matter
(baseline in	representations	(meteorological and	measured wind	[REP1-009] and	that for the	not
NRA)	(RR – 008)	oceanographic)	data is preferable	[REP1-013], for	IGET	agreed
	FO Values 4	conditions described	to modelled data,	quality and	application wind	
	ES – Volume 1	in Section 3.3 of the	but the Applicant	consistency, the best	data is from the	
	– Chapter 7 –	NRA are informed	has not used	source of wind data	Immingham	
	Physical	by available relevant	relevant	should come from	Marine Control	
	Processes	measured and	measurements.	certified, calibrated	Centre.	
	(APP – 043)	modelled datasets.	The Annlinentie	equipment which is	The Header	
	ES – Volume 3	Wind. Magazinad	The Applicant is	set and measured	The Harbour	
	<ul><li>Appendix</li></ul>	Wind: Measured wind data is	still wholly reliant on wind data	against a regulated	Master Humber	
	10.1 –	preferable to	from Humberside	standard which is	has now confirmed in	
	Navigational	available modelled	Airport and has	what has taken	oral evidence at	
	Risk	wind hindcast data,	not calibrated the	place.	ISH5 that the	
	Assessment	since it represents	Airport data to	Gathering wind data	tidal direction	
	(APP – 089)	local conditions and	the local area,	from the nearest	north of IOT	
	DEDO D	is not unduly	which DFDS	airport for use in	used in the	
	DFDS Principal	affected by model	would expect if	simulations is a	modelling is	
	Areas of	resolution and any	using a such a	common	wrong, which	
	Disagreement	inherent bias in the	dataset.	methodology, as	calls into	
	(PDA – 007)	outputs.		airports collect	question the	
		Further in-depth	Humberside	comprehensive and	direction used	
		information is	Airport sits within	accurate data over	further south.	
		provided in the	a geographic	long periods of time.		
		Physical Processes	bowl of higher	<b>.</b>		
		Chapter of the ES	ground which	The Humberside		
		and the Applicant's	shields the	wind data provided a		
		Summary of Oral	anemometer	more macro		
		Representations	which can lead to	indication of wind for		
		made during ISH2	the data being	use in the ES and		
		[REP1-009].	compromised in	NRA, and		
		<u> </u>	terms of	Immingham Port		

accuracy for use of a broader area. The Airport is also 15km from the Proposed Development.  The Applicant provided local historical data to their simulation experts as  wind data provided indication of localised wind which is useful to inform simulation modelling. This is the approach used in the NRA. The source of wind data used in the baseline description of the NRA is not critical to the outcomes of the	
reports so it is unclear why the Applicant is relying solely on the Airport data.  The Applicant has done nothing to address the fact that it uses data which does not include gusts or durations of wind speed as is normal practice.  involved in the HAZID process who have knowledge of working and navigating on the Humber).  As stated in [REP1-008], gusts were modelled in the simulation exercise, and the effects of sheltering were taken into account. The gusts and	

DFDS is still of the opinion that the tide data used is inconsistent with the experience of DFDS mariners and previously published data by the Applicant in its function as Humber Estuary Services and the Admiralty.	sheltering wind data used by HR Wallingford to initially assess the direction and the appropriate strengths to test in the simulations derived from the Immingham Dock Tower. This was a collation of 12-months of data provided by HES and analysed by HR Wallingford to establish the general wind directions to form a realistic and representative assessment.	
	As stated in [REP1-008] HR Wallingford are confident in the tidal modelling between the IOT and the Port of Immingham bell mouth following	

				extensive data collection and validation. The model used met the applicable standards for estuarine modelling accuracy and accurately represents the spatial variation in the long-term current measurements.		
Simulations	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.1 – Navigational Risk Assessment (APP – 089)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation	The numerous simulation outcomes contained in the submitted application documents are robust and reliable, having been based on an appropriate and correct methodology and data. The simulation exercises undertaken were attended by representatives of DFDS (including	DFDS do not accept that comments at the time were fully taken into account: from August 2022 onwards DFDS expressed safety concerns. For example, please see the letter from Kell Robdrup, Senior Vice President at DFDS to Henrik Pedersen, CEO	As set out in [REP4-008], the level of engagement and consultation undertaken to date has far exceeded that which would normally be the case and  The Applicant has acted fully in accordance with the guidance in seeking to achieve consensus	DFDS maintains its position that comments regarding safety concerns were not taken into account; see letter to the CEO at ABP as referenced in previous comments.	Not agreed

Study Part 1 (APP-090)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation Study Part 2 (APP-091)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation Stakeholder Demonstrations (APP-092)  DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)	experienced mariners) and comments offered at the time were fully taken into account as part of the NRA exercise.	at ABP on 29.08.22 (see e-page 116-117 of REP2-048).  Stakeholders were only invited to the final set of simulations in November 2022 which used smaller vessels than the design specification of the Proposed Development and then only to Berth 1 which is widely viewed as the most straightforward in terms of manoeuvring. The Applicant is relying on a previous model on the berth which makes the simulations unreliable for what is now proposed.			
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			To suggest any comments in relation to these limited simulations fully addressed the concerns of DFDS is untrue and misleading.			
Simulation modelling (tidal)	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation Study Part 1 (APP-090)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation Study Part 2 (APP-091)  DFDS Principal Areas of	The simulations used accurate and reliable AWAC buoy and ADCP survey data from the area immediately adjacent to the IERRT terminal to inform the simulations.	DFDS do not accept that the tidal model used by the Applicant is representative and have raised concerns consistently about the modelling since the first HAZID workshop it attended in April 2022.  The Applicant has acknowledged they have not taken data north of the IOT, but as this is where vessels start	As stated in [REP1-008] HR Wallingford are confident in the tidal modelling between the IOT and the Port of Immingham bell mouth following extensive data collection and validation. The model used met the applicable standards for estuarine modelling accuracy and accurately represents the spatial variation in the long-term current measurements.  Further in-depth information is	DFDS rejects the characterisation of its response as being unhelpful, when the correct tidal direction is critical in accurately simulating manoeuvres.	Not agreed

Disagreement	their manoeuvre	provided in the	
(PDA – 007)	from, it is integral	-	
(FDA = 007)			
	that accurate	Chapter of the ES	
	tidal data is	and the Applicant's	
	used.	Summary of Oral	
	DFDS Master	Representations	
	Mariners and	made during ISH2	
		[REP1-009].	
	consultants have	ADD is someoned	
	decades of	ABP is concerned	
	experience	that DFDS seem to	
	manoeuvring	be taking its	
	north of the IOT,	comments out of	
	in the	context. That is not	
	Immingham	helpful and does	
	Bellmouth Area,	nothing to aid the	
	to the East and	SoCG exercise.	
	West Jetty and to		
	the IOT finger		
	piers. They		
	remain resolute		
	that the tides as		
	represented are		
	not consistent		
	with this		
	considerable		
	experience nor is		
	it consistent with		
	published data		
	from the		
	Admiralty nor the		
	Applicant in their		

			function as Humber Estuary Services. In all of these publications the tide in the Immingham area is described as roughly 135°/315° which is consistent with our mariners' experience.  The Applicant acknowledges in its response to ExQ2 question NS.2.34 (e-page 37 of REP4-008) that a differential of 10 to 15 degrees would clearly have a significant			
			impact.			
Simulation modelling (vessel)	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008) ES – Volume 3 – Appendix	The vessels selected for use within the simulation studies at APP-090, APP-091, APP-092, were selected as	DFDS does not agree that the Jinling vessels are the most representative when only six	ABP is the owner and operator of the port of Immingham, and SHA for the port. It has commissioned HR	DFDS has consistently commented on the unsuitability of the vessels selected for use	Not agreed

10.1 –	they are the most	exist worldwide	Wallingford, a world	in simulations.	
Navigational	representative	and they are all	leader (and a	For example, in	
Risk	models available for	operated by	company incidentally	correspondence	
	simulation and	DFDS and none		between DFDS	
Assessment			similarly instructed		
(APP – 089)	comprise an	are intended for	by DFDS in respect	and ABP two	
ES – Volume 3	appropriate analogy	use at the	of their own	weeks following	
- Appendix	to operational	Proposed	operations) to	the HAZID	
10.2 –	parameters.	Development.	undertake	workshops held	
Navigational		There are other	comprehensive	on 16 and 17	
Simulation		operators on the	simulations. The	August 2022, in	
Study Part 1		Humber with	simulations were	the letter of	
(APP-090)		similar tonnage	undertaken in	29.08.22	
,		RoRo vessels	consultation with and	included in	
ES – Volume 3		such as the	in the presence of	[REP2-048]	
- Appendix		Delphine and	DFDS and it is not		
10.2 –		sisters but these	for DFDS now to		
Navigational		have not been	gainsay the conduct	Again, DFDS	
Simulation		simulated.	of those simulations	reject the	
Study Part 2		ominatou.	when no such points	continued	
(APP-091)			were made at the	characterisation	
[ 50			time.	of its critical	
ES – Volume 3			The rationale has	safety concerns	
- Appendix			been explained to	as immaterial or	
10.2 –			DFDS on a number	worse	
Navigational			of occasions, most	deliberately	
Simulation			recently during	misleading.	
Stakeholder			navigation	This is	
Demonstrations			simulations	ultimately an	
(APP-092)			undertaken on 7 <sup>th</sup> /	uncollaborative	
DFDS Principal			8 <sup>th,</sup> November and it	approach from	
Areas of			is disappointing that	the Applicant.	
Aleas Oi			is disappointing that		

	Disagreement (PDA – 007)			DFDS continue to repeat a concern that that has absolutely no substance. and it is disappointing that DFDS		
Simulation vessel conduct – unrealistic use of vessel machinery	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.1 – Navigational Risk Assessment (APP – 089)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation Study Part 1 (APP-090)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation Study Part 1 (APP-090)	Senior Pilots (experienced marines with many years of experience of operations on the Humber) from HES conducted the pilotage/ berthing manoeuvres and did not report any notable variance from real world operations.	DFDS remain of the view that unrealistic use of machinery was used in the simulations, whether or not the Senior Pilots reported variance during the simulations.	Again, no such point was made during the simulations which were attended by representatives of DFDS.	DFDS have been consistently raising this point [RR-088] [REP2-048] to illustrate why simulations did not represent real-life conditions.	Not agreed}

	Study Part 2 (APP-091)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation Stakeholder Demonstrations (APP-092)  DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)					
Simulation – available towage	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.1 – Navigational Risk Assessment (APP – 089)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation	Senior Pilots from HES and towage providers conducted the pilotage/ berthing manoeuvres and did not report any notable variance from real world operations.  ABP as the Statutory Harbour Authority for Immingham together with HES, in its overlapping capacity	DFDS remain of the view that simulations are not representative of the complexity of real life interactions. The first simulations used smaller tugs, then subsequent ones use more powerful tugs which are not representative of	Towage providers have confirmed that their fleets can expand to meet demand [REP4-008]. ABP is mystified by the expressed concerns of DFDS in this respect bearing in mind that it operates from the Port of Immingham and does actually know how the Port operates.	DFDS's experience of tug capacity in the Port hasinformed its response.	Not agreed

Pilotage and	Study Part 1 (APP-090)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation Study Part 2 (APP-091)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation Stakeholder Demonstrations (APP-092)  DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)	as the CHA, will ensure that appropriate tugs are available to attend manoeuvres as required. The utilisation of tugs that are provided by towage providers is a commercial decision, with towage providers likely to increase the size of their fleet to meet the possible opportunities that this new development provides.  The SHA and CHA	the tugs available on the river.  The Applicant's position in their response to ExQ2 that "in the very unlikely event that demand for towage outstrips supply then the manoeuvre would simply not be allowed to take place" (NS.2.06 REP4 – 008) would result in delays and capacity issues particularly as the Applicant does not have control over tug availability on the river.  DFDS agrees	DFDS	Matter
associated Training	representations (RR – 008)	are aware of the constraints relating to the level of pilotage required for	that there is a robust training process in place and expects that	disagrees that further training should be accepted as	ongoing

ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.1 – Navigational Risk Assessment (APP – 089)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation Study Part 1 (APP-090)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational	the berth and the advised environmental limitations and are satisfied that these can be addressed. There is an existing robust process to train ships' masters to pilotage standards, known as the Pilotage Exemption Certification process.	Pilots and PECs already have such training and therefore disagrees that further training would reduce the risks and cannot accept this as "additional mitigation".	"additional mitigation".	
ES – Volume 3 – Appendix	process.			
Navigational Simulation Stakeholder Demonstrations (APP-092)				

IOT trunkway protection	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.1 – Navigational Risk Assessment (APP – 089)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation Study Part 1 (APP-090)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation Study Part 2 (APP-091)	IOT trunk way protection has been identified as a potential control in the NRA and may form part of the operational 'adaptive procedures' which will be determined by the Navigation Authority through ongoing assessment of the construction and operation.	DFDS is unable to form an opinion until it has had the opportunity to fully consider the Applicant's proposed Impact Protection Measures, set out in the Applicant's change request, published on 19 October 2023.	DFDS will review details of the Applicant's Change Request made available 6.12.23 and so is unable to comment further at this stage.	Matter ongoing
	ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.2 – Navigational Simulation Stakeholder				

Demonstrations (APP-092)  DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)					
Dredging  DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)  DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)  ES – Volume 1 – Chapter 7 – Physical Processes (APP – 043)	The physical processes assessment (APP-043) has considered the potential impact of the capital dredge campaign and associated disposal and has applied bespoke numerical modelling tools to assess the fate of dredge arisings and deposited material. The assessment concludes that the capacity of the proposed disposal sites (HU060, and HU056), the future maintenance dredge requirements at existing berths at the Port of Immingham (and further afield),	DFDS remains concerned that dredging deposits will not stay in the deposit grounds in a tidal river but will spread to terminal and channels.	If DFDS wish to record concerns in this respect they should provide scientific data and evidence to support their assertions otherwise, in light of the above, ABP considers them to be groundless. That said, if appropriate evidence is provided to support these assertion, ABP would, of course, be happy to review the information provided.	DFDS maintains the position set out in its Relevant Representation [RR-008]	Matter ongoing

		and the bathymetry of the wider Humber Estuary will not be significantly affected by the Proposed Development.				
Risk rep Assessment ("NRA") methodology  ES A10. Nav Ris Ass (AF DFI Are Dis	EDS relevant presentations R – 008)  5 – Volume 3 Appendix 1 – vigational sk sessment PP – 089)  EDS Principal eas of sagreement DA – 007)	The methodology followed in the NRA fully complies with the PMSC and the associated GtGP.	As set out in the note appended to REP4–025, DFDS considers that the Applicant's NRA does not apply the fundamental principles of Navigation Risk Assessment to facilitate a robust, impartial, transparent risk assessment that facilitates stakeholder consensus (as strongly emphasised in the PMSC GtGP). The	As discussed in Appendix 4 to [REP1-009], the scope of the NRA undertaken for this project has been extremely thorough and comprehensive and involved full involvement of stakeholders. It has been produced by qualified specialist experts in relation to navigation matters.	DFDS maintains its position that the assessment of risk in the Applicant's NRA does not adequately assess navigational safety.	Not agreed

Applicant fails to	
appropriately	
apply likelihood	
definitions or the	
concept of	
ALARP as per	
their references	
(PMSC GtGP	
and MGN 654).	
The separation	
of ALARP and	
tolerability –	
being treated as	
mutually	
exclusive	
concepts – also	
obfuscate the	
level of risk, the	
appropriate	
mitigations and	
does not attempt	
to consider the	
stakeholders'	
requirements.	
Overall, the	
Applicant's	
approach does	
not align with the	
underlying intent	
of the PMSC's	
GtGP on how to	

			undertake reliable NRAs.			
HAZID meetings and outcomes	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008) DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)	Thorough stakeholder engagement/ consultation was undertaken in accordance with the PMSC's recommendation.	Although HAZID workshops took place, there was no agreement during these and DFDS did not agree with the proposed methodology and assessment of risk. DFDS does not agree that there was stakeholder consensus.	ABP has explained in [REP4-008] how stakeholders have been kept fully involved in this process with a view to achieving consensus. The MCA's Guidance does not, however, require consensus to be achieved and it is inevitable that there may sometimes be disagreement between stakeholders given their different aspirations or commercial objectives. As an experienced SHA, ABP believes that the level of engagement and consultation undertaken to date has far exceeded that which would	DFDS maintains its position that the Applicant has been dismissive of concerns raised by stakeholders, and has not properly informed the HASB of such concerns when the latter approved the project.	Notagreed

				normally be the case and the SHA has acted fully in accordance with the guidance in seeking to achieve consensus. In the circumstances where commercial considerations are in play for stakeholders, and notwithstanding the efforts made to achieve consensus, it has not been possible so to do.	
HAZID resources	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.1 – Navigational Risk Assessment (APP – 089)  DFDS Principal Areas of	A briefing on the process and methodology used in the NRA was given at each HAZID meeting including the consequence and frequency tables. Resources to inform the HAZID workshops were also supplied ahead of each meeting.	The Applicant did provide a briefing but there was not stakeholder consensus.  Simulations and a matrix were supplied ahead of the meetings but arrived late and there was insufficient documentation to explain these		Agreed

	Disagreement (PDA – 007)		provided prior to the meetings.			
HAZID attendance	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)  DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)	The CHA was represented at the HAZID by the Harbour Master Humber (with people from his team) and the SHA by the Dock Master Immingham (with people from his team) who are local marine experts. All relevant stakeholders were invited to attend.	DFDS agrees the Harbour Master attended the HAZID workshops, where he agreed the tidal data was not correct.  DFDS notes the Designated Person was not invited.	It is misleading for DFDS to state that the Harbour Master Humber "agreed the tidal data was not correct". Bearing in mind the information that has already been provided to the examination, such misleading statements do little to engender any degree of trust in the views being expressed by DFDS. In [REP2-054], as DFDS are aware, the Harbour Master Humber did express his initial concern with regards to tidal data but then acknowledged that when ABP undertook more work in this regard which resolved his initial concerns.	DFDS is reluctant to respond to the Applicant's inflammatory language but rejects this characterisation of DFDS's conduct.  DFDS does not consider its statement to be misleading, it was simply reporting the clear recollection of its attendees at the HAZID workshops and has made the same point in its submissions throughout. The issue of tidal flow direction is a material point	Not Agreed

Indeed ADD and UD an orbital DEDO	
Indeed, ABP and HR on which DFDS	
Wallingford and the	
conducted further Applicant have	
data collection and disagreed ever	
validation as since navigation	
referenced above. simulations	
As stated in [REP1-   were shared	
008] HR Wallingford   with DFDS. The	
are confident in the Applicant has	
tidal modelling repeatedly	
between the IOT and sought to	
the Port of portray DFDS	
Immingham bell view of tidal	
mouth following flow direction as	
extensive data being incorrect	
collection and or merely	
validation. "anecdotal"	
The Harbour Master despite the long	
The Harbour Master record of	
Humber further published	
addresses tidal data material	
in [REP3-024] and supporting	
[REP4032], stating DFDS position	
that tide direction to at the very least	
the north of the IOT in the area	
is not of concern. north of IOT. At	
ISH5 the	
Harbour Master	
Humber publicly	
accepted that	
the tidal flow	
direction north	

					of IOT is in accordance with the position consistently asserted by DFDS.	
Duty Holder and Designated Person	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)	The Duty Holder as advised by specialists including their Designated Person and Head of Marine determined tolerability thresholds of navigation risks associated with the IERRT.	The Duty Holder is the ABP Harbour Board. The Designated Person (supposed to advise the Duty Holder) did not attend any of the HAZID meetings and is not identified as having participated in any way during the production of the NRA.  Notwithstanding the Applicant's explanation in response to ExQ question NS.2.03, REP4—	This was fully explained during the ISH by the Applicant's Designated Person oral evidence which seems to have been ignored by DFDS.	DFDS notes the evidence put forward during the ISH, but nonetheless remains of the opinion that there is insufficient independent scrutiny in place to assess the risks posed by the IERRT, increasing the likelihood that they are being underplayed.  DFDS also remains of the view that the Designated Person should	Not agreed

			008 DFDS remains of the opinion that there is insufficient independent scrutiny in determining navigational risks associated with the IERRT.		have attended at least some of the HAZID workshops attended by all stakeholders in order to ensure that he understood all issues being debated and view points put forward.	
Capacity of the Port of Immingham	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.1 – Navigational Risk Assessment (APP – 089)  DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)	The number of vessels transiting the port of Immingham has declined over the medium term, demonstrating that the Port of Immingham has sufficient capacity to accommodate any additional shipping movements arising from the operation of the IERRT; and indeed any future business growth for the existing	DFDS does not agree that the Proposed Development will not have an impact on the capacity of the Port of Immingham.  Whilst the number of vessels has gone down the size of vessel has gone up, and a large ship takes longer to manoeuvre	Management of the Port of Immingham falls to ABP as the SHA. If ABP considered that there would be any issues in this respect, it clearly would not be promoting the IERRT development.	DFDS acknowledges that the Management of the Port of Immingham falls to ABP. Nonetheless, it is still concerned that the additional vessels will cause delays.	Not agreed

		customers of the port.  The NRA considers the navigation baseline and projections of shipping on the Humber Estuary. The Navigation Authority has determined that this does not have an impact on safety of navigation.	and this will cause delays.			
Availability of vessel waiting (stemming) areas and tugs	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)  DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)  ES – Volume 3 – Appendix 10.1 – Navigational Risk	The number of vessels transiting the port of Immingham has declined over the medium term, reducing pressure on vessel stemming areas. These areas therefore have sufficient capacity to accommodate any additional shipping movements arising	The Applicant has not addressed DFDS's concerns that the new berths will cause significant interference with the existing agreed vessel waiting (stemming) areas.	This is not correct and is unhelpfully misleading. Stemming areas have been the subject of submissions by the Harbour Master Humber.	It is not misleading to say that the Applicant has not addressed DFDS's concerns; the IERRT proposed location means vessels movements onto and off IERRT will preclude the	Not agreed

	Assessment (APP – 089)	from the operation of the IERRT.  ABP as the Harbour Authority together with HES, also in its overlapping capacity as the CHA, will ensure that appropriate tugs are available to attend manoeuvres as required. The utilisation of tugs that are provided by towage providers is a commercial decision, with towage providers likely to increase the size of their fleet to meet the possible opportunities that this new development provides.	As above, while the number of vessels have the declined, the size of vessel has increased, and a larger vessel takes longer to manoeuvre which will cause delays.		use of an existing stemming area whilst vessels are approaching or departing IERRT.  The Harbour Master Humber is a separate Interested Party.	
Operation of the Inner Dock's lock	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008) ES – Volume 3 – Appendix	Operation of the Inner Dock's lock will not be adversely affected by the IERRT, whilst Stena vessels and services	DFDS needs to see modelling of the movements to see whether it can agree.	Management of navigation within the environs of the port of Immingham is the responsibility – and legal obligation - of	Notwithstanding that navigation within the Port of Immingham is the responsibility of	Matter ongoing

	10.1 – Navigational Risk Assessment (APP – 089)	which currently use the Inner Dock will be displaced to the IERRT – relieving Inner Dock berth and lock capacity.		ABP as owner and operator of the port and SHA – not DFDS.	ABP, DFDS has not seen evidence that its services will be unaffected.	
		The NRA considers the navigation baseline and projections of shipping on the Humber Estuary. The Navigation Authority has determined that this does not have an impact on safety of navigation.				
Environmental Statement	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)  ES – Volume 1 – Chapter 20 - Cumulative and In-combination	The Environmental Statement (ES) considers all relevant impact pathways relating to the construction and operation of the Proposed Development, as well as the potential overlap of the	DFDS does not agree that the Cumulative and In-combination assessment properly assess the potential impacts alongside the IGET. The IGET application has	[REP5-025] includes a review of the cumulative and incombination effects to take account of the recent submission of the IGET application, concluding that the	No further comment.	Not Agreed

Impact of	Effects (APP – 056)  DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)	construction and operational phases.  The Cumulative and In-combination assessment (APP-056) properly assesses the potential impacts alongside the proposed IGET. The ES adheres to the requirements set out in the Infrastructure Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017 (as amended) as well as relevant guidance.	been submitted to and accepted by the Inspectorate so it should be reassessed.	assessment remains robust.  This statement is another example of DFDS levelling assertions against the Proposed Development without any supporting evidential data. Again, if DFDS could explain their concerns with specific reference to where it is considered the Applicant's assessment is lacking, then ABP would be happy to review that information and respond accordingly. Until then, such an assertion can be given no weight.	It is insufficient	Not
vessel congestion	representations (RR – 008)	the navigation baseline and projections of shipping on the	seen any modelling done by the Applicant	operator of the port and SHA to satisfy itself in this respect.	just to take the Applicant's word for it that	agreed

DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)	Humber Estuary. The Navigation Authority has determined that this does not have an impact on safety of navigation.	on vessel congestion.	T no oir rettly no ill ir pay v co w no po co w iir s w at the book of the control of the contro	there will be no congestion.  The lack of any modelling or other relevant information relating to how the additional vessel movements at ERRT may impact existing foort operations and how any vessel congestion would be managed is precisely why DFDS requested a commercial workshop for all interested port stakeholders which was agreed to by the Applicant out never delivered	
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Noise and Mitigation: Effect on Noise Sensitive Receptors	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008) DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)	The construction noise assessment contained in Chapter 14 of the ES [APP-050] has included 5 dB attenuation for temporary acoustic screening near Noise Sensitive Receptors. This a conservative approach as acoustic screening could provide more than 5 dB attenuation. The existing ambient noise levels are used to determine construction noise thresholds for residential properties as set out in paragraph 14.8.14 of Chapter 14 [APP-050] as per the guidance in BS 5228:2009+A1:2014: Code of practice for	DFDS does not agree as there is no satisfactory mitigation if all the construction activities occur at the same time.  Nowhere is the cooling/ ventilation mentioned by the Applicant secured.	As detailed in [APP-050] on-site noise sensitive receptors benefit from existing alternative means of cooling/ ventilation which can be utilised.  DFDS have failed to explain why they consider the information provided by the Applicant to be lacking. Without the provision of such evidence and data, ABP has to a view the concerns expressed as groundless but would be happy to review any justifying data should it be provided.	No further comment.	Not agreed
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		open site— Part 1: Noise.  The construction noise assessment has included all daytime construction activities occurring				
		at the same time, which results in negligible effects on residential receptors. For the on-site noise sensitive, with external windows and doors kept closed and alternative means of cooling/ventilation utilised the internal noise levels are met.				
Noise: Insulation	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008) DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)	As set out in Paragraph 14.9.14- 14.9.15 of Chapter 14 [APP-050] and Requirement 10 of the dDCO a package of noise insulation will be offered to residential properties on Queens Road. The	Schedule 2, Requirement 10 (noise insulation) of the draft DCO potentially provides no protection at all – what is offered by the Applicant should be	Requirement 10 in the draft DCO has been updated at Deadline 5 [REP5- 004].	The updated requirement still contains no commitment to reduce noise to a specified level	Matter ongoing

		noise insulation will offer additional protection to the residential properties' internal acoustic environment in sensitive/habitable rooms such as bedrooms and living rooms.	required to reach a specified standard of protection.  DFDS awaits a revised version of the draft DCO to be submitted at Deadline 5 and will review accordingly.			
Noise: Construction Hours and plant	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008) DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)	Paragraph 14.91 of Chapter 14 [APP-050] states that construction works outside the core working hours would comply with any restrictions agreed with the local authority via a Section 61 application under Control of Pollution Act (CoPA) Chapter 14 [APP-050] Has stated the use of electrical plant will help to reduce the noise	Construction working hours and ventilation as mitigation measures are not secured anywhere in the draft DCO.  DFDS awaits a revised version of the draft DCO to be submitted at Deadline 5 and will review accordingly.	The draft DCO has been updated at Deadline 5 [REP5-004].	No further comment.	Matter ongoing

		levels further, however the assessment has been based on the use of diesel powered plant and vehicles as a worst case scenario.			
Air quality	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)  DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)	The assessment described in Chapter 13 of the ES [APP-049] is informed by baseline data from a combination of primary and secondary sources. The sources and level of baseline data used in the assessment is considered proportionate and in line with industry standard guidance.  Future year vehicle emissions assumptions are based on industry standard guidance,	No comment		Agreed

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as are the pollutants		
considered in the		
assessment. It is not		
standard practice for		
air quality		
assessments to		
consider SO <sub>2</sub>		
emissions from		
vehicle exhausts,		
given the low		
sulphur content of		
available fuel in the		
UK.		
Not all habitat within		
SAC / SPA /		
RAMSAR sites is		
sensitive to air		
pollution. The		
saltmarsh habitat		
within the SAC /		
SPA / RAMSAR is		
considered the		
closest habitat		
sensitive to air		
pollution and the		
nearest such habitat		
is at the distance		
from the IERRT		
project as specified		
in the ES.		
20.		

Draft Development Consent Order	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)  DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)  Draft Development Consent Order (APP – 013)  Explanatory Memorandum to Draft DCO	The draft Development Consent Order will be subject to extensive review by all parties during the examination. ABP has taken satisfactory steps to deal with the comments raised in DFDS's relevant representation though both the draft DCO and the Explanatory	DFDS provided detailed comments regarding the draft DCO at Deadline 2 [REP2-039], most of these comments have not been addressed in the latest version of the draft DCO submitted at Deadline 3 [REP3-002].	The draft DCO and Explanatory Memorandum have been updated at Deadline 5.  ABP has agreed, in principle, with the inclusion of Protective provisions in favour of DFDS in the draft DCO. The wording of these protections is under negotiation between the Parties.	DFDS does not agree with the amendments to its proposed protective provisions and has expressed other concerns with the DCO in its representations.	Matter ongoing
	(APP – 014)	Memorandum.	DFDS maintains its view that there are a number of further changes to the draft DCO required, including the inclusion of protective provisions in favour of DFDS.  DFDS awaits a revised version of the draft DCO			

			to be submitted at Deadline 5 and will review accordingly.			
Ecological concerns	DFDS relevant representations (RR – 008)  ES – Volume 1 – Chapter 9 – Nature Conservation and Marine Ecology (APP – 045)	The assessment on Nature Conservation and Marine Ecology (APP-045) has considered the potential impact of the Proposed Development on marine ecology, including the Humber Estuary European Marine Site (EMS) and on coastal waterbirds (including Blacktailed Godwit). It is based on a robust evidence base, supported by extensive baseline surveys covering the last two decades. It is considered that, with the proposed mitigation measures in place, there will be no significant	DFDS is of the opinion that the revised Impact Protection Measures will require a new assessment to be made with a particular view of the reliance on waterbirds on invertebrate resource for foraging waterbirds.  DFDS has not yet had the opportunity to fully consider the Applicant's ES addendum which form part of Applicant's change request, published on 19 October 2023.	Environmental Impacts of the proposed changes to the Impact Protection have been assessed in the ES Addendum [AS-028].	No further comment.	Matter ongoing

		adverse effects (or an adverse effect on the integrity of the Humber Estuary EMS) as result of the Proposed Development.				
Impacts on intertidal habitat	DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)	Chapter 9 of the ES (APP-045) and the Habitats Regulations Assessment (HRA) (APP-115) provides a detailed assessment of the loss of intertidal habitat (which is also supporting habitat for coastal waterbirds including Black-tailed Godwit). It is concluded that there will be no significant adverse effects (or an adverse effect on the integrity of the Humber Estuary EMS) as a result of	With the revised Impact Protection Measures DFDS is of the view that the impacts on intertidal habitat will need to be reassessed.  DFDS has not yet had the opportunity to fully consider the Applicant's ES addendum which form part of Applicant's change request, published on 19 October 2023.	Environmental Impacts of the proposed changes to the Impact Protection have been assessed in the ES Addendum [AS-028].	No further comment.	Matter ongoing

		the Proposed Development.				
Ornithology impacts and mitigation	DFDS Principal Areas of Disagreement (PDA – 007)	The assessment presented in Chapter 9 of the ES on Nature Conservation and Marine Ecology (APP-045) and in the HRA (APP-115) considered the potential impact of the Proposed Development on coastal waterbirds (including Blacktailed Godwit). The proposed overwintering restriction period during construction (October to March inclusive) correlates with the months when the largest number of SPA qualifying species typically occur (i.e., Black-tailed Godwit, Dunlin and	With the revised Impact Protection Measures DFDS is of the view that ornithological impacts and mitigation will need to be reassessed.  DFDS has not yet had the opportunity to fully consider the Applicant's ES addendum which form part of Applicant's change request, published on 19 October 2023.	Environmental Impacts of the proposed changes to the Impact Protection have been assessed in the ES Addendum [AS-028].  ABP assumes that the concerns expressed by DFDS will be supported by appropriate evidence which ABP will be happy to review as and when it is provided.	No further comment.	Matter ongoing

	Shelduck). Mitigation measures during operation are proposed on a precautionary basis. It is considered that, with the proposed mitigation measures in place, there will be no significant adverse effects (or an adverse effect of the integrity of the Humber Estuary EMS) as result of the Proposed Development.				
Protective Provisions	Construction and Operation of the IERRT Developmer will not adversely affect DFDS operations and, as such, protective provision in favour of DFDS are not required.	Deadline 2 [REP2-042].  Subsequently	ABP has agreed, in principle, with the inclusion of Protective provisions in favour of DFDS in the draft DCO. The wording of these protections is under negotiation between the Parties.	Negotiations are still ongoing in relation to the Protective Provisions.	Matter ongoing

can be provided and a draft will be provided.	
According to the Protective Provisions Tracker [REP4-007] submitted at Deadline 4, the Applicant is still considering DFDS' draft. DFDS awaits a revised draft from the Applicant.	

## 4 Section 4 – Signatories

This Statement of Common Ground is agreed:

On behalf of DFDS:

Name. Andrew Byrne



Signature.

Date: 9th December 2023

On behalf of ABP:

Name:

Signature:

Date:

## **Glossary**

## Abbreviation / Acronym Definition

ABP Associated British Ports

ALARP As Low As Reasonably Practicable
AWAC Buoy Acoustic Wave and Current Buoy
CHA Competent Harbour Authority
DCO Development Consent Order

DFDS DFDS Seaways Plc

EIA Environmental Impact Assessment

EMS European Marine Site
ES Environmental Statement
Hazid Hazard Identification

Hazlog Hazard Log

HES Humber Estuary Services

IERRT Immingham Eastern Ro-Ro Terminal IGET Immingham Green Energy Terminal

Nav Sim Navigational Simulation

NRA Navigational Risk Assessment

NSIP Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project

PA 2008 Planning Act 2008
PINS Planning Inspectorate

Ro-Ro Roll-on/roll-off

SoCG Statement of Common Ground SoS Secretary of State for Transport

UK United Kingdom